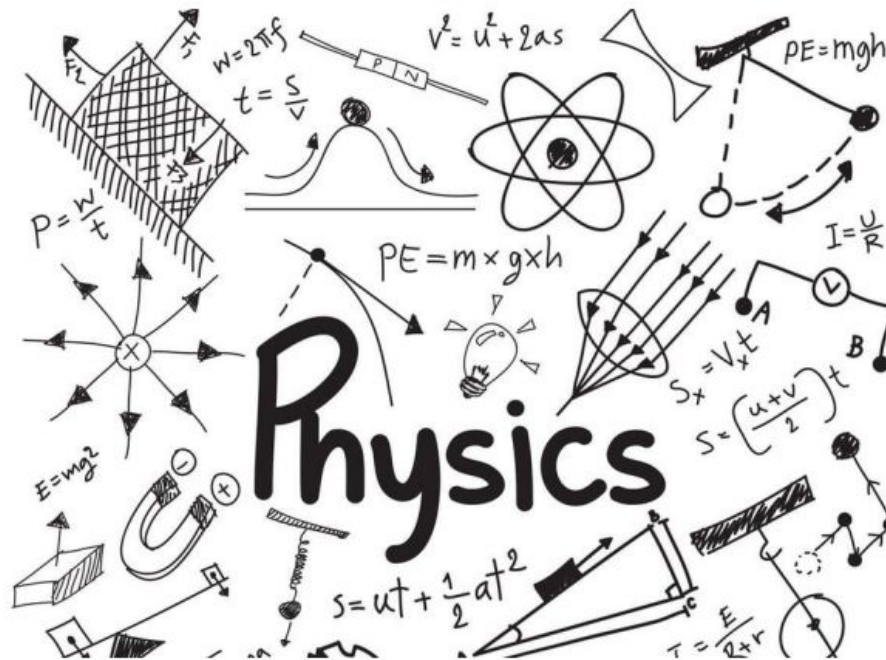




# Welcome to Physics!

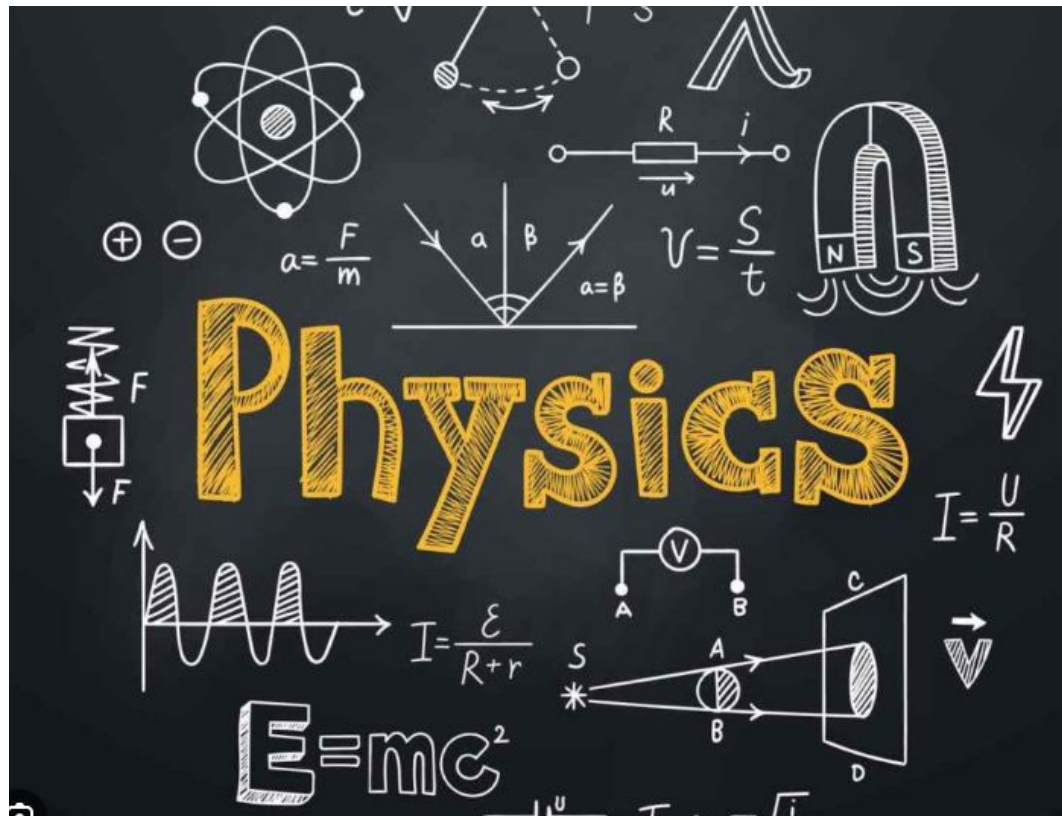




- Introductions to the team
- What is A level physics about?
- Why do physics?
- What will you study, how is it assessed?
- Why Beechen Cliff?

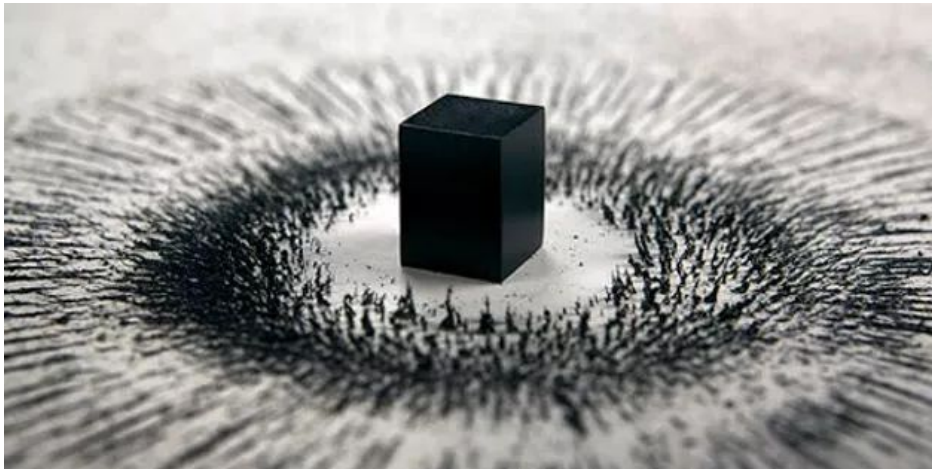


Physics is the natural science that studies *matter*, *energy*, and their fundamental interactions, including *motion*, *forces*, *space*, and *time*.





*It aims to describe how the universe works*, from the smallest subatomic particles to the largest structures like galaxies, and is considered the most fundamental of the sciences.





# 1. It will develop important skills

- Problem solving
- Analysis and explanation
- Communication of challenging concepts
- Teamwork
- Handling data
- Practical skills
- Attention to detail



## 2. Highly attractive to a wide range of employers

- Engineering
- Architecture
- Telecommunications
- Space/Satellite industry
- Law
- Finance
- Medical physics



### 3. For the love of learning about our universe!





### Physics is useful in many different job families including:-

- Agriculture,
- Plans and Land,
- Environmental Sciences,
- Construction,
- Engineering and Manufacturing,
- Medicine and Nursing,
- Medical Technology,
- Science and Research.

### Skills and qualities from studying physics

- Teamwork
- Technical ability
- **Problem solving**
- Time management
- Organisation
- **Numeracy and data handling**
- Communication
- **Attention to detail**
- Administration
- Analytics
- Discipline
- IT
- Ability to understand technical plans



## Are you...?

- Interested in getting a qualification that leads to lots of different options at university, from Theoretical Physics to Applied Physics, Engineering and Mathematics?
- Interested in STEM careers?
- Curious about how things work?
- Interested in problem solving?
- Interested in doing a wide variety of practical experiments to test hypotheses?
- Curious how the universe works?
- Interested in how new particles are discovered?



## Year 12

### Module 1 – Development of practical skills in physics

- 1.1 Practical skills assessed in a written examination
- 1.2 Practical skills assessed in the practical endorsement

### Module 2 – Foundations of physics

- 2.1 Physical quantities and units
- 2.2 Making measurements and analysing data
- 2.3 Nature of quantities

### Module 3 – Forces and motion

- 3.1 Motion
- 3.2 Forces in action
- 3.3 Work, energy and power
- 3.4 Materials
- 3.5 Newton's laws of motion and momentum

### Module 4 – Electrons, waves and photons

- 4.1 Charge and current
- 4.2 Energy, power and resistance
- 4.3 Electrical circuits
- 4.4 Waves
- 4.5 Quantum physics



**Year 13**

**Module 5**

**– Newtonian world and astrophysics**

5.1 Thermal physics

5.2 Circular motion

5.3 Oscillations

5.4 Gravitational fields

5.5 Astrophysics and cosmology

**Module 6**

**– Particles and medical physics**

6.1 Capacitors

6.2 Electric fields

6.3 Electromagnetism

6.4 Nuclear and particle physics

6.5 Medical imaging



*Year 13*

## Assessment

A Level is covered by three examinations:

- Total of 6 hours of examinations (2 x 2 hours 15 minutes and 1 x 1 hour 30 minutes) taken at the end of the course.
- A wide range of questions types which include multiple choice, short answer and extended response questions.



Content Overview	Assessment Overview	
<p>Content is split into six teaching modules:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Module 1 – Development of practical skills in physics</li><li>• Module 2 – Foundations of physics</li><li>• Module 3 – Forces and motion</li><li>• Module 4 – Electrons, waves and photons</li><li>• Module 5 – Newtonian world and astrophysics</li><li>• Module 6 – Particles and medical physics</li></ul> <p>Component 01 assesses content from modules 1, 2, 3 and 5.</p> <p>Component 02 assesses content from modules 1, 2, 4 and 6.</p> <p>Component 03 assesses content from all modules (1 to 6).</p>	<p>Modelling physics (01)</p> <p>100 marks</p> <p>2 hours 15 minutes</p> <p>written paper</p>	<p><b>37%</b></p> <p>of total A level</p>
	<p>Exploring physics (02)</p> <p>100 marks</p> <p>2 hours 15 minutes</p> <p>written paper</p>	<p><b>37%</b></p> <p>of total A level</p>
	<p>Unified physics (03)</p> <p>70 marks</p> <p>1 hour 30 minutes</p> <p>written paper</p>	<p><b>26%</b></p> <p>of total A level</p>
	<p>Practical endorsement in physics (04)*</p> <p>(non exam assessment)</p>	<p>Reported separately (see Section 5h)</p>



*Year 13*

## Practical Endorsement

Suite of 12 Practical Activity Groups

Recorded lab books

Skills assessed in written exams

Practical endorsement awarded alongside grade



BEECHEN CLIFF

# A-LEVEL PHYSICS

EXAM BOARD OCR-A

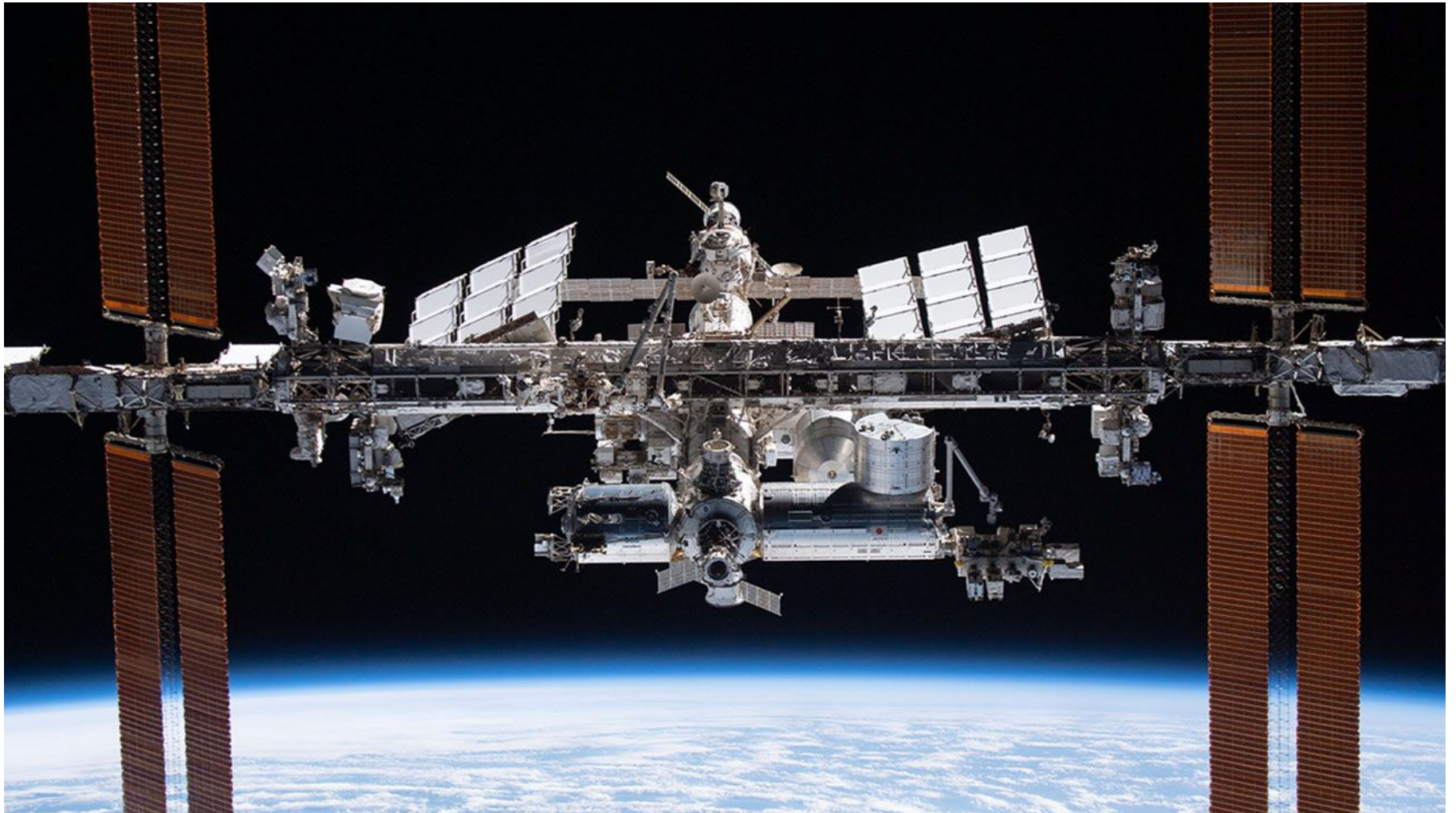




BEECHEN CLIFF

# A-LEVEL PHYSICS

EXAM BOARD OCR-A





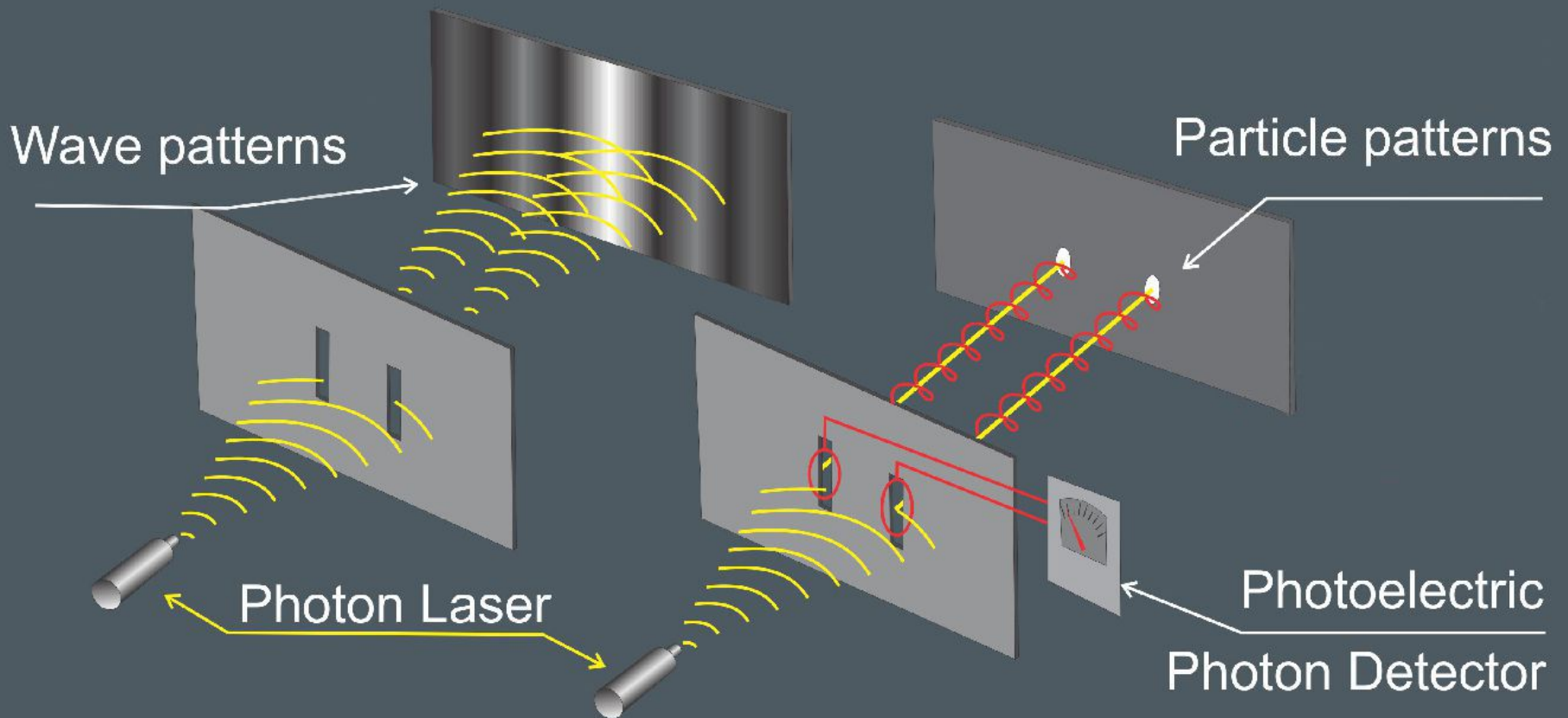
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A-LEVEL PHYSICS  
EXAM BOARD OCR-A





# Double Slot Experiment

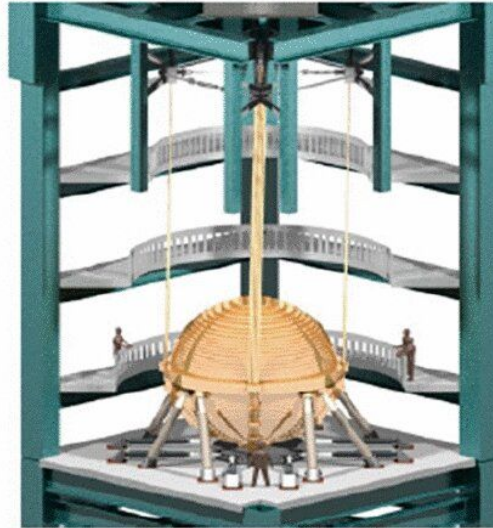
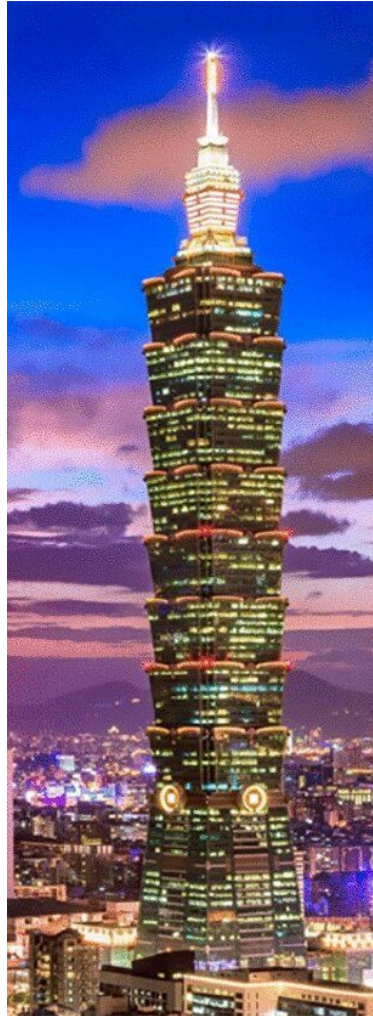




BEECHEN CLIFF

# A-LEVEL PHYSICS

EXAM BOARD OCR-A





## Why do physics at Beechen Cliff?

- All A-level teachers are Physics specialists
- Lots of students study the course
- Year 12: Approx. 40 students per year
- Above national average female physics students
- Broad curriculum – visitors, trips, clubs, competitions



BEECHEN CLIFF

# A-LEVEL PHYSICS

EXAM BOARD OCR-A





Headline	2023	2024	2025
Entries	42	41	37
%A*/A	26%	32%	35%
%A*-B	45%	56%	73%
%A*-C	71%	71%	95%



## Institute of Physics recognition



One of the top Physics Departments in the country in terms of progression and retention of students at A-level.



## **Trips & Events:**

- **Trips:** Hinkley, A-Level Science Live.
- **Bristol and Bath Uni** – activities on campus or in school
- **Future Horizons:** Visiting Academics (talks on):  
Glaciers, Black Holes, Dyson, European Space Agency, Architecture & Future of the Combustion Engine, at Beechen.
- **CERN**



## Other Extracurricular:

- Lower school science club
- Physics Olympiad
- Support science lessons



BEECHEN CLIFF

A-LEVEL PHYSICS  
EXAM BOARD OCR-A

# Any Questions?



## Thought provoking questions for you:

- Thought provoking questions for you
- If you are, gravitationally speaking, attractive? Is it really true that what goes up must come down?
- What does uncertainty really mean when we talk about measurements?
- Why do gravitational forces decrease as we travel away from the earth?
- What forces do you experience on a rollercoaster?